Collaborative Drug Discovery – UCSF 3rd Annual Community Meeting

Archive, Mine, and (selectively) Collaborate





- Technology
- Collaborations

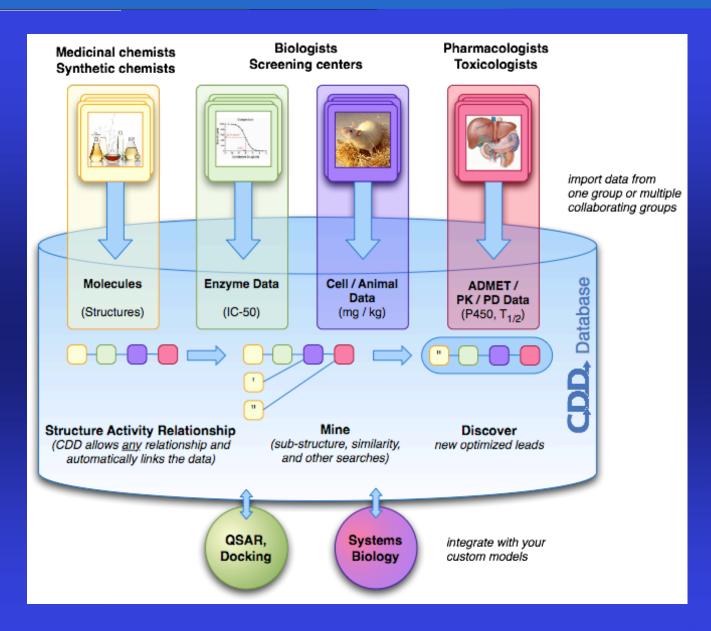
CDD Platform

Modules:

- CDD Vault Secure place for private data private by default
- CDD Collaborate Selectively share subsets of data
- Datasets:
 - CDD Public Expanding public data sets
 - Published compounds
 - Data from community members
 - Vendor libraries
 - <u>Unique to CDD</u> *Simultaneously* query your private data, collaborators' data, & public data

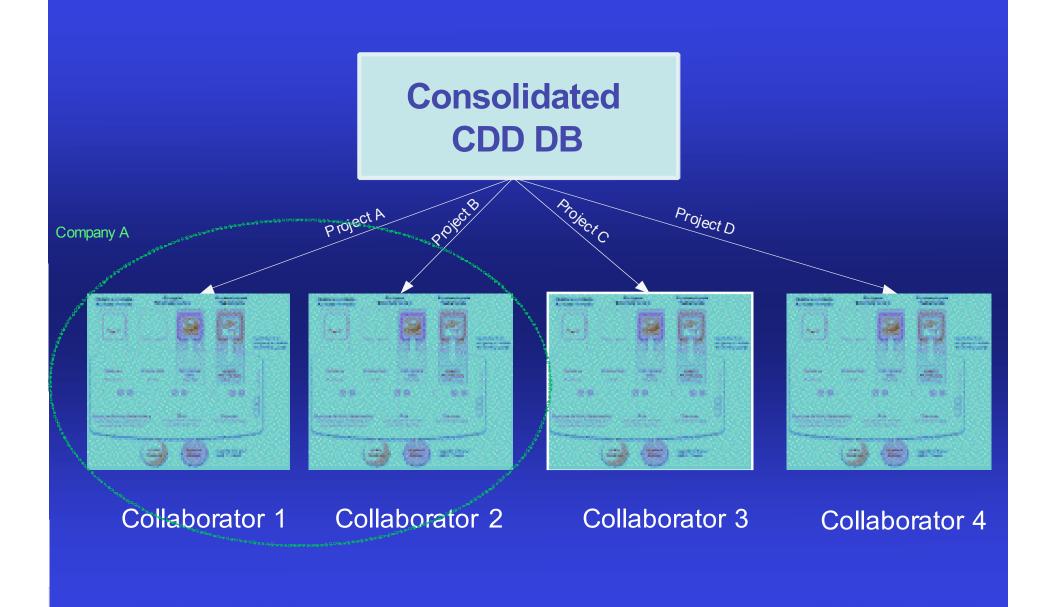


CDD Database for Your Private Data



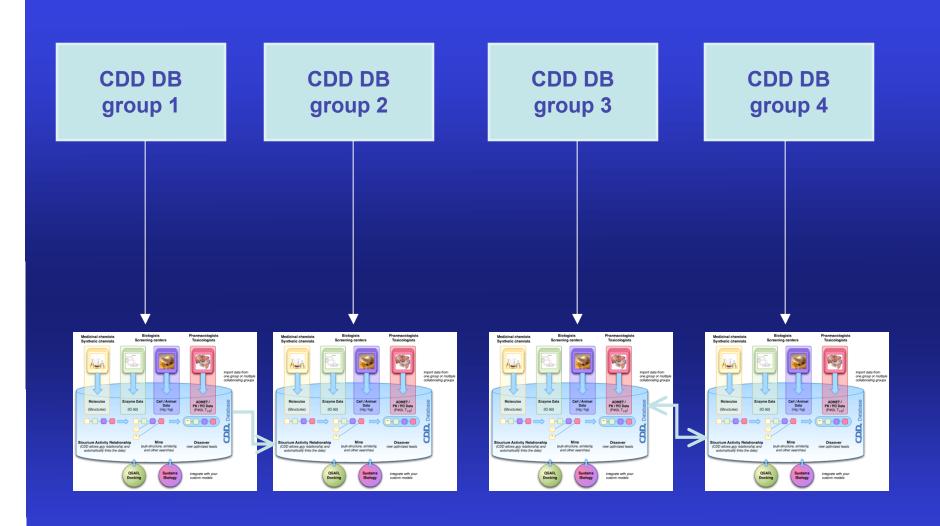


Collaborate Mode 1 – Big Pharma with single login to multiple CROs/Biotech groups





Collaborate Mode 2 – Academic +Foundations securely sharing <u>data subsets</u>

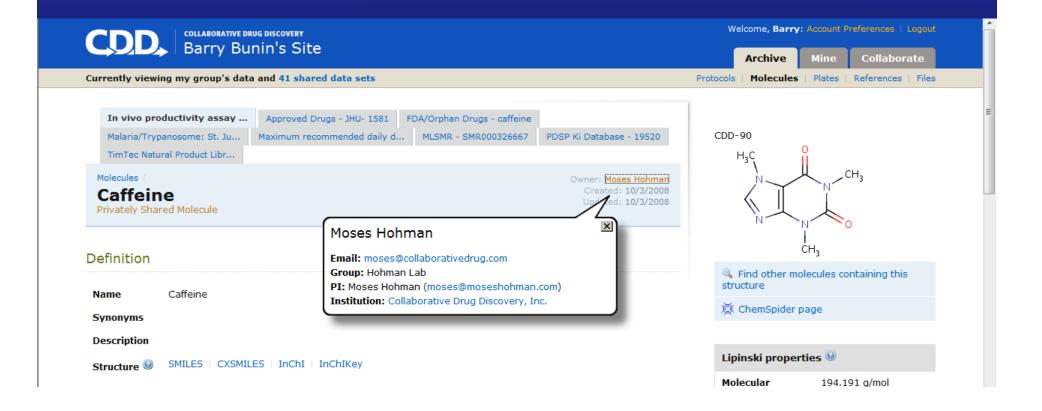




Use CDD Vault™, Collaborate™, Public™ for Global R&D Community

New Types of Offerings for a Rapidly Changing Industry

- CDD Community: tap into global R&D via "crowd-sourcing"
- CDD Alliance: better management of your collaborations
- CDD Customize: fast, good, and cost-effective = agile





CDD Public

CDD. Barry Bunin's Site

Dashboard

Group Data

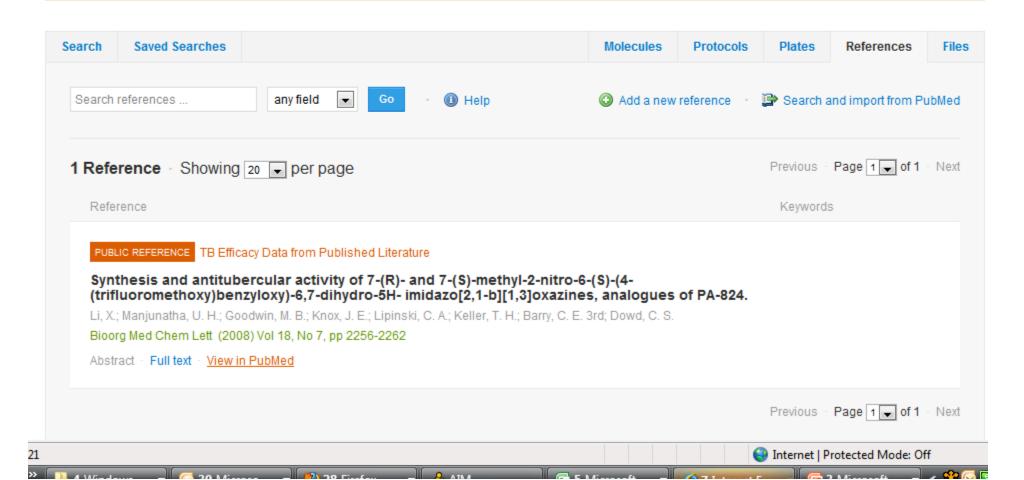
Import Data

Barry Bunin: Your Account - Log out

Share Data 4

Currently using Barry Bunin's Site data and 2 shared data sets (1)

Choose data sets ...





Mapper Overhaul: Templates and Previews Simplify Archival

Mapping template: - Select a mapping template - ▼ Fields Molecule name SMILES SYNONYM SOLVENT T. Cruzi IC50 (nM) T. Cruzi ... Su **CDD121** Oc1cc2ccc...cc5)cc34 ABC121 DMSO 100 CDD122 COc1ccc2c...cc5)cc34 ABC122 DMSO 101 2 Data CDD123 CC(=0)n1c...4ccccc14 ABC123 DMSO 3 102 preview CDD124 Brc1ccc(c...[nH]3)o2 ABC124 DMSO 103 4 CDD125 O=C(N\N=C...cc4[nH]3 DMSO ABC125 104 Molecule Name or Molecule Structure Unmapped Unmapped Unmapped Unmapped Map to Synonym Molecule Fields Molecule name is mapped to Molecule Name or Synonym Molecule Name or Synonym You can use this field to map any molecule name or synonym. Molecule Structure User-defined Field Batch Fields Use the values of this field as the names of any newly created molecules Plate and Well Readouts Leave Unmapped Apply



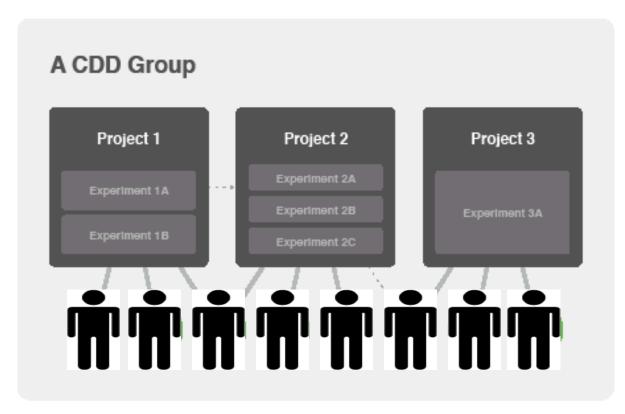
CDD "Top 10" Requests

- Mapper Overhaul more intuitive to batch upload complex data, save mappings
- Projects more advanced collaborative features beyond private-to-private data
 - Editable data
 - Refined data viewing selections
 - Multi-group functionality requested by screening centers, foundations, & biopharma
- Configurable Terminology
 - Configure CDD w/ your own labels (alts to molecules, protocols...like objects, antibodies, sequences, screens, etc)
- Advanced Filters & Alerts for Compound Liabilities
 - Reactive Functionality likely to cause toxicity, alkylate DNA, BBB models, etc.
 - What Lipinski calls Alerts (for example with Abbotts' ALERT SMARTS filters).

NOTE: For each feature we do a "bang per buck" analysis, and truly agonize over which item is best to do first, given lots of competing requests



CDD Projects – More Advanced Collaborate



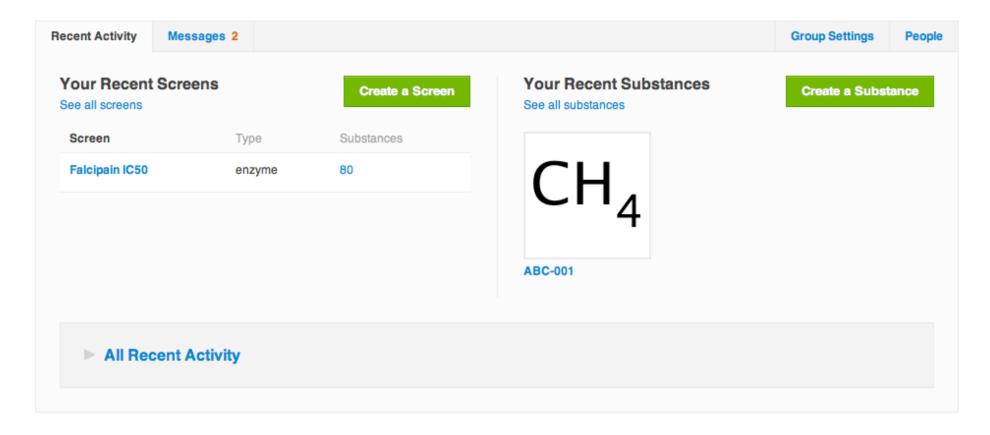
Projects provide subdivisions of data and data privacy



Configurable Terminology: "User-Defined" Objects, Subjects, Molecules

Dashboard Group Data Import Data

Barry Bunin: Admin · Your Account · Help · Log out
Share Data



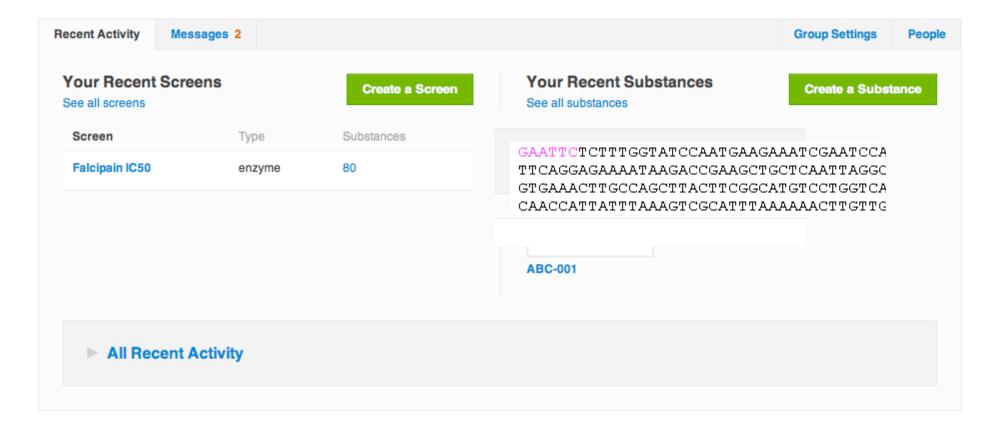


Configurable Terminology: "User-Defined" Objects, Subjects, Biologicals

Dashboard Group Data Import Data

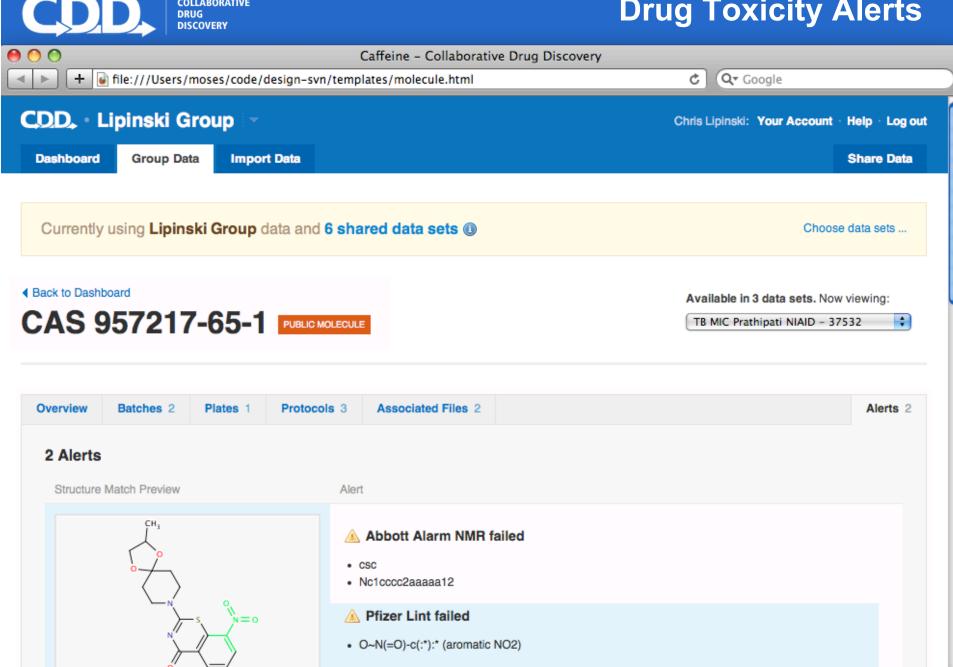
Barry Bunin: Admin · Your Account · Help · Log out

Share Data





Drug Toxicity Alerts





Implementing Toxic Functionality Alerts (see Lipinski's presentation)

- Basic Capability = 2 FTE weeks
 - Store list of SMARTS alerts with intuitive description
 - Associate list of alerts with structures
 - Set up alerts to be automatically run against new and existing structures
 - Display alerts
- End User Flexibility = 1 FTE week
- Advanced Implementation = 3 FTE weeks

NOTE: Generally any feature can have about 25% of unforeseen features



CDD "Top 10" Requests (cont.)

- Advanced visualization tools for anything mined.
- Mine page extensions e.g., more list logic on query results
- Performance-Speed Optimization (mapper/slurper/mining)
- Processing data (averaging, SD, etc) and advanced calculations "Excel" manipulations
- API program your own capabilities and integrate nicely with other technologies
- Multi-group, Multi-dimensional MedChem Collaborations
 - Social Networking
 - Community of models to support complex, collaborative projects
 - Engage Big pharma
 - Data, models, compounds, & capabilities "Pre-competitive"
- Reminder: For each feature we do a "bang per buck" analysis



Collaborative Dashboard for Secure To-the-Minute Global R&D Tracking



Dashboard

Latest activity in the Barry Bunin's Site (switch group)

There are pending publication requests for you to review...

Last week

Molecule	Barry Bunin created molecule GA Analog 7	Thursday, September 3
Molecule	Barry Bunin updated molecule 10 from Table 1	Thursday, September 3
Molecule	Barry Bunin updated molecule 10 from Table 1	Wednesday, September 2
Protocol	Barry Bunin updated protocol Aug 2009 meeting	Wednesday, September 2
Protocol	Barry Bunin created protocol Aug 2009 meeting	Wednesday, September 2
Molecule	Barry Bunin updated molecule Dundee 6890	Wednesday, September 2
Protocol	Barry Bunin created protocol Dundee consortium Assay 5	Wednesday, September 2
Molecule	Barry Bunin updated molecule Dundee 6890	Wednesday, September 2
Molecule	Barry Bunin created molecule Dundee 6890	Wednesday, September 2
Molecule	Barry Bunin updated molecule 10 from Table 1	Wednesday, September 2
User	Barry Prom joined Barry Bunin's Site	Tuesday, September 1

Your Groups

✓ Barry Bunin's Site

- Barry Bunin (group admin)
- Krishna Dole (full access)
- Graham Douglas (read-add)
- Sean Ekins (read-export)
- Sylvia Ernst (read-add)
- Sylvia Ernst (readonly)
- . Sylvia Ernst (full access)
- · Lauren Ferris (read-add)
- · Andrew Hutchison (read-export)
- Navin Kadaba (full access)
- Lixin Liu (read-export)
- William Nelson (read-export)
- Barry Prom (read-export)
- Dan Robertson (read-add)
- Anna Spektor (read-add)
- Demo User (read-export)
- Anatoly Volovik (read-export)
- . Tony Williams (full access)
- Todd Wipke (read-add)

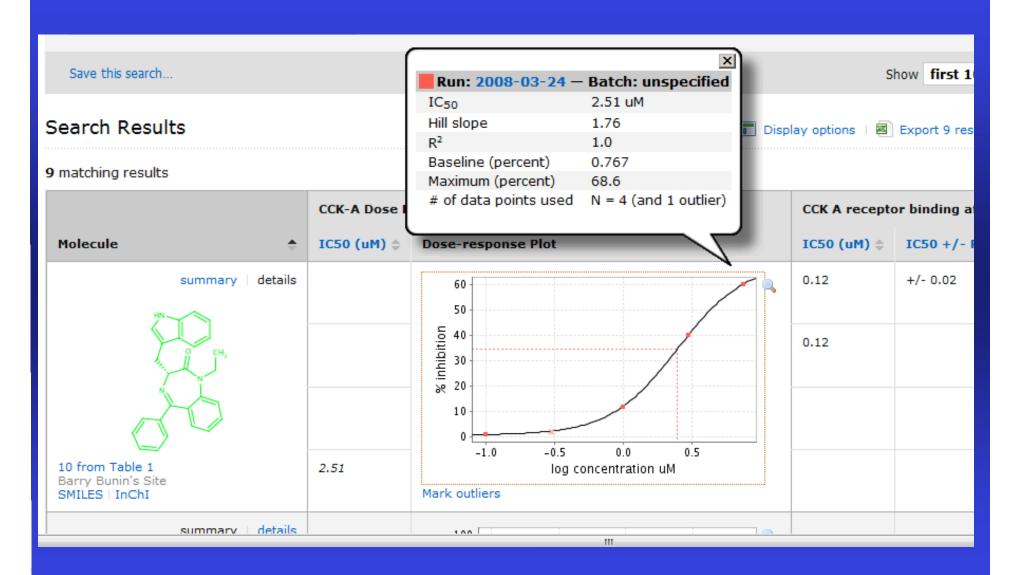
ASINEX

ChemBridge

Done



CDD Search Results View





Heat Maps, Controls, & Plate Statistics

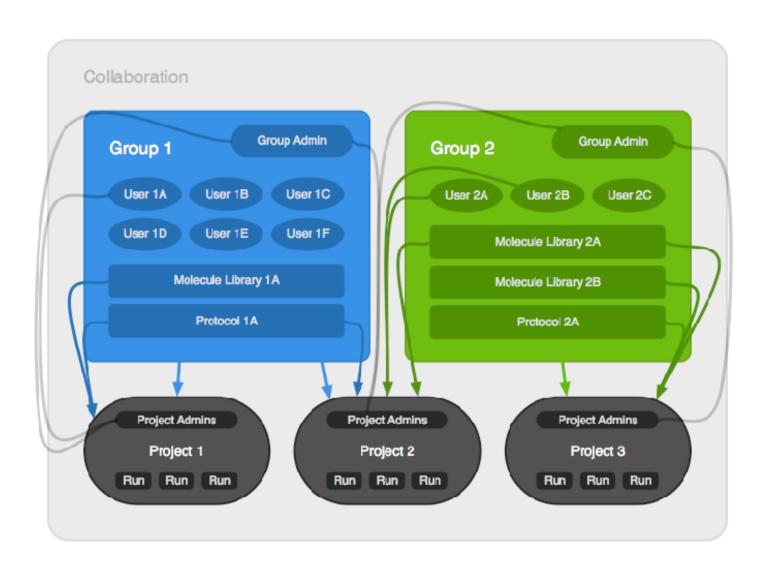






- Technology
- Collaborations









- A private company, founded in 2004.
- Product: CDD database and custom services
 - Working with thousands of leading researchers using CDD on six continents
- Provides secure "cloud-based" collaborative drug discovery embracing academic, non-profit, and for-profit company researchers (cultures) in invitation-only groups
 - Affordable, easy-to-use, yet extremely powerful

SAB:

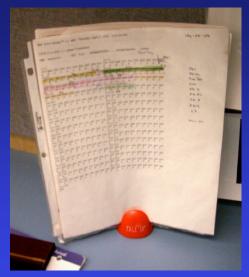
- Christopher Lipinski, PhD (ex Pfizer)
- James McKerrow, MD PhD
- David Roos, PhD
- Adam Renslo, PhD
- Wes Van Voorhis, MD PhD
- Jim Wikel (ex Eli Lilly)



Typical Lab: The Data Explosion Problem





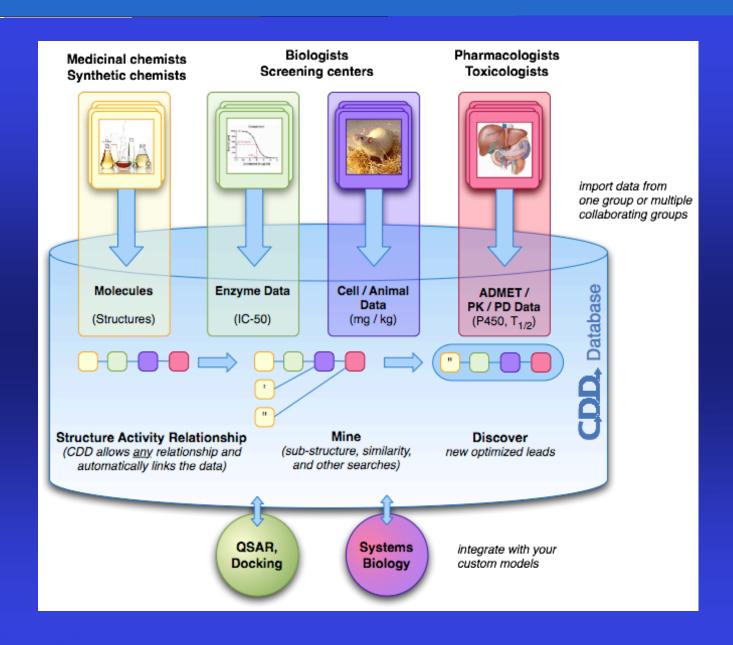






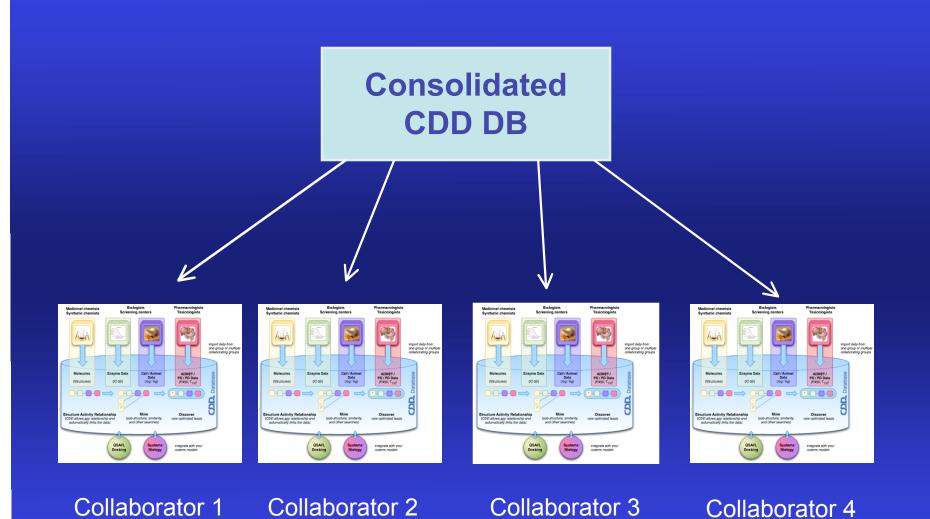


CDD Database for Your Private Data



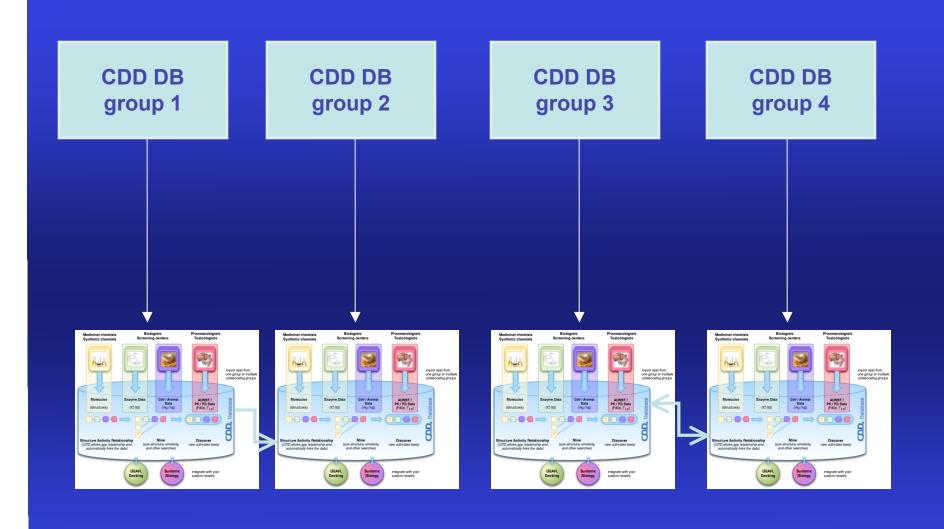


Collaborate Mode 1 – Big Pharma with single login to multiple CROs/Biotech groups





Collaborate Mode 2 – Academic + Foundations securely sharing <u>data subsets</u>





CDD database system

- Web based (log in securely into to your database from any computer).
- We host the server for you
- Highly secure, all traffic encrypted, server in a secure professionally hosted environment.



Back pocket



Implementing Toxic Functionality Alerts (see Lipinski's presentation)

- Basic Capability = 2 FTE weeks
- End User Flexibility = 1 FTE week
- Advanced Implementation = 3 FTE weeks
- NOTE: Generally any feature can have about 25% of unforeseen features



Implementing Toxic Functionality Alerts (see Lipinski's presentation)

Basic Capability = 2 FTE weeks

- Store list of SMARTS alerts with the SMARTS, a name, and a text description (back end) 1 point
- Associate list of alerts that apply with structures 1 point
- Set up alerts to be automatically run when adding a new structure 1 point
 - Run alerts against existing structures 1 point
 - Ability to display alerts on the show molecule page 2 points

End User Flexibility = 1 FTE week

- Allow super-users to manage this list 2 points
 - Rerun alerts after they're changed against all structures 1 point

Advanced Implementation = 3 FTE weeks

- Ability to display alerts in mine results 3 points
- Ability to mine by presence/absence of alerts in general 2 points
- Ability to mine by presence/absence of specific alerts 3 points

NOTE: Generally any feature can have about 25% of unforeseen features

Dashboard Group Data Import Data Share Data

Recent Activity	Messages 2			Group Settings	People			
Edit Group Settings								
	G	roup name:	Bunin Group					
	Prima	ry contact:	Barry Bunin					
	Principal in	vestigator:						
	Principal investig	gator email:						
		Institution:						
	We	ebsite URL:						
	External	link setting:	Ban external links Allow external links Allow external links and do not show a warning page					
	Experimental sub	oject name:	Substance					
	Experir	ment name:	Screen					
		Run name:	Test					
				Save changes 0	or cancel			



CDD Case Study Details

Published Review in Drug Discovery Today 2009 (14: 261-270).

Novel web-based tools combining chemistry informatics, biology and social networks for drug discovery

Moses Hohman¹, Kellan Gregory¹, Kelly Chibale², Peter J. Smith³, Sean Ekins^{4,5,6} and Barry Bunin¹

A convergence of different commercial and publicly accessible chemical informatics, databases and social networking tools is positioned to change the way that research collaborations are initiated, maintained and expanded, particularly in the realm of neglected diseases. A community-based platform that combines traditional drug discovery informatics with Web2.0 features in secure groups is believed to be the key to facilitating richer, instantaneous collaborations involving sensitive drug discovery data and intellectual property. Heterogeneous chemical and biological data from low-throughput or highthroughput experiments are archived, mined and then selectively shared either just securely between specifically designated colleagues or openly on the Internet in standardized formats. We will illustrate several case studies for anti-malarial research enabled by this platform, which we suggest could be easily expanded more broadly for pharmaceutical research in general.

The networked revolution

Recent research suggests that open collaborative drug discovery will be the future paradigm of biomedical research [1-3]. Reviews in this journal have provided a perspective on the many publicly accessible, open access chemistry databases and Internet-based collaborative tools [4,5] that are likely to enhance scientific research in future. Some of these public databases are already being used for structure activity relationship (SAR) development [6] and rapid lead identification [7]. It takes a combination of biology and chemistry insight, however, to translate molecules into potential drugs and there has been little, if any, discussion of how collaborations between chemists and biologists are to be facilitated [8]. The challenges associated with bringing chemists and biologists together for virtual drug discovery projects for neglected diseases [8] provide an arena for testing new approaches that can perhaps be expanded more

statistical analysis to quantify data quality to allow reproductbility and comparisons between groups. Before collaborations begin, data security and integrity should always be considered while intellectual property arrangements [Materials Transfer and intellectual property (IP) Rights Agreements) are often (at least in academia) seen as necessary, but generally as a hindrance to progress. As a collaboration progresses the needs of data users may change, so it is important to have flexibility in the use of systems for tracking or storage of data and between systems [8].

broadly to commercial drug discovery projects. The biological

data available for sharing are frequently stored in single document or Excel TM files. Compilation of data is sporadic with no

depth and little, if any, standardization of the data formats

or crucial information such as experimental procedures and

Any tool that can tap into a growing community of researchers becomes more valuable as a function of Metcalfe's law, which simply states the value of a network is equal to the square of the

Corresponding author: Bunin, B. Ebbunin@collaborativedrug.com/

¹ Collaborative Drug Discovery, Inc. 1818 Gibenth Road, Suite 220, Burlingame, CA 94403, USA
² Institute of Infectious Disease and Molecular Meditine and Department of Chemistry University of Cape Yown, Rondebosch 7701, South Africa.

³ Division of Pharmacology, Department of Medicine, University of Cape Town, Medical School, K48, OMB, Groote Schuur Hospital, Observatory, 7925, South Africa.
⁴ Collaborations in Chemistry, Jerk Intown, PA 19046, USA

⁹ University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey, Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, 675 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08354, USA

Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Maryland, 20 Penn Street, Baltimore, MD 21201, USA



CDD Successfully Builds Collaborative Drug Discovery Communities

- Published Review in Drug Discovery Today 2009 (14: 261-270).
- \$1.89M Tuberculosis B&MGF Project
 Thousands of scientists engaged:

Novel web-based tools combining chemistry informatics, biology and social networks for drug discovery

Moses Hohman¹, Kellan Gregory¹, Kelly Chibale², Peter J. Smith³, Sean Ekins^{4,5,6} and Barry Bunin¹



COLLABORATIVE DRUG DISCOVERY

Home Products

Services

Benefits

Community

Blog

Events

Register for Public Access

Company

Home

Organizations that benefit from CDD

- ASINEX
- · BioSeek, Inc.
- Broad Institute
- Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
- ChemBridge Corporation
- Columbia University
- · Cornell University
- Drugs for Neglected Diseases initiative
- Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center
- Harvard University
- Indiana University
- Indiana University Burdue University

- Purdue University
- The Rockefeller University
- San Francisco VA Medical Center
- Scripps Research Institute
- · Seattle Biomedical Research Institute
- Semafore Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
- St. Jude Children's Research Hospital
- Stanford University
- STATegics, Inc.
- TimTec, Inc.
- Torrey Pines Institute for Molecular Studies
- LICCE Coporal Hospital

Who Uses CDD?

Testimonials

"The CDD Database is an extremely elegant platform. I highly recommend it for anyone generating drug discovery data."

Bryan Roth, M.D.,
 Ph.D., University of



Collaborative Drug Discovery

Archive

Organize and upload your experimental data

Mine

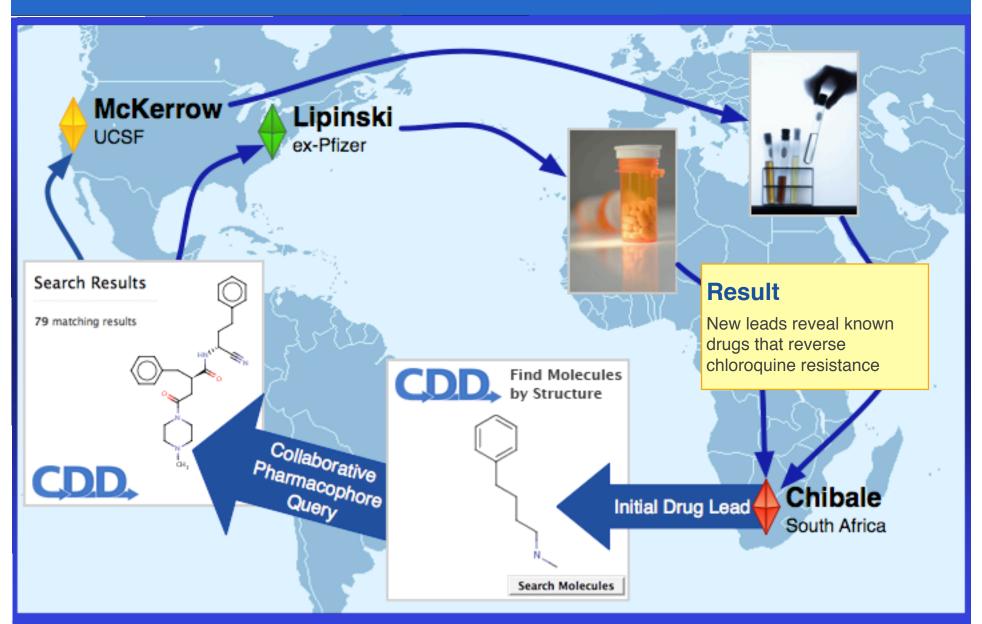
Analyze your data to suggest new drug candidates

Collaborate

- Keep your data 100% private,
- Exchange confidentially with collaborators, or...
- Share openly within the CDD community



Collaborate





CDD Database system

- CDD works right "out of the box", no implementation hassle. Login & go.
 - User can access (with Firefox browser) from Windows, Mac, even Linux/Unix
- A wide variety of data formats are supported including Chemical structure formats like SD format or SMILES. Files (images, pdf etc. can be associated to multiple entities)
- Easy to use no special knowledge required; navigation with familiar web-browser tools like hyperlinks, tabs, dropdown menus etc.
- Different user privileges can be set according to your user structure.
- Supports Collaborations



CDD Database system – Distributed Research

- Ability to tap into hundreds of external researchers data with no lengthy business/legal cycles
 - Save 6-12 months on a new discovery
- No need to "poke a hole" into your Firewall
- No need for users to have any IT expertise
- 3rd party for hosting liability relief



CDD as collaboration platform

- You decide which data to share with whom (we currently manage this on our server via group management)
- Store and share protocols
- Via a unique identifier (e.g. a structure, a name, a unique label) teams from diverse disciplines as Chemistry, Toxicology, Assay design, animal studies etc. can share their data in real time.
- Collaborate across different organizations. Our technology and pricing enables and supports a variety of collaboration models.
- Publication mechanism: Specialized community data collections are available for no charge. Current collections see next slide



CDD database – more details

- Easy batch import of your data is supported by a mapper and slurper.
- Add molecules, analytical, or biological data manually, all required tools are integrated.
- Export your data with Chemical structures into Excel without the need for extra plugins or extra software.
- Chemical drawing tool integrated which is powerful and very easy to use.
- Plates, heatmaps, property calculations, 3D views and much more (similarity search by end of Jan/08)



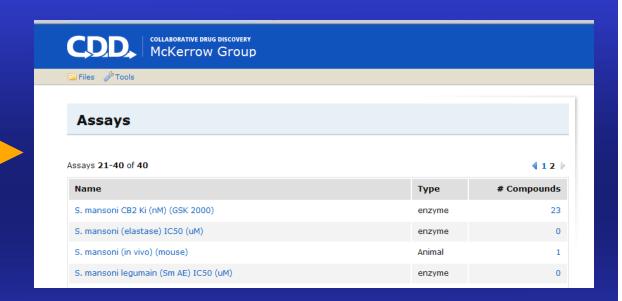
CDD "Agile" Development Advantage

- Traditional software development life cycle (6-12 months)
 CDD Agile development includes automated testing:
 - Biweekly minor updates
 - Monthly major updates
- Recent examples:
 - Logins to multiple groups for screening centers
 - Dashboard for intra-group coordination
 - Customize mine results



Archive







Molecules .

9 from Table 1 (Merck Compound)

Owner: Barry Bunin Created: 7/30/2007 Updated: 1/9/2008

Definition | Edit definition | Add synonym | Add user defined field

Name 9 from Table 1 (Merck Compound)

Synonyms AA = R-Trp, RX = H 🤌

Description Note - literature compound used as Internal Standard.

SMILES O=C1Nc2cccc2C(=N[C@@H]1Cc3c[nH]c4cccc34)c5cccc5

Solubility 10 uM 🥜

Batches: 1 | Add a batch

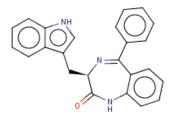
Name	Date	Location	Who	Notes	#Protocols	Actions
1	2004-02-14	-20 Freezer	Barry	>99% Pure by HPLC 214 nM	0	<i>₽</i> 😑

Plates: 1

Name	Size	Protocol Run
BAB-003	96	CCK A receptor binding affinities

Find other molecules containing this structure

Delete this molecule



Molecular weight	365.427 g/mol	
log P	5.0459	
H-bond donors	2	
H-bond acceptors	2	
Lipinski Rule of 5	One violation 3 of 4 within desirable range	

Formula	C ₂₄ H ₁₉ N ₃ O
pKa	3.2221
Exact mass	365.153 g/mol
Atom count	47

www.collaborative





Mine Protocols and Molecules Find Molecules by Protocol Structure (any protocol type) (any protocol) Add a term Delete term Keywords Save this search as: Save Show first 100 ▼ results Search Molecules Search Results First 100 of 230 matching results "Five years ago our lab tested 20 compounds a T. brucei rhodesiense Cruzain (rec) Rhodesain year with no way to handle 200. Today, with IC50 (rec) IC50 (uM) CDD's software, we can fully process 3000 Molecule IC50 IC50 new compounds per year and advance the 0.028 < 0.01 best compounds to late-stage development." — Dr. James McKerrow, UCSF < 0.01 5.0, 0.0, 5.0,



CDD database - other benefits

- Low total cost of ownership: You do not need to buy and maintain your own server, run updates, have an IT specialist; minimal time for training; reasonable license fees. Lots of tools integrated which otherwise need to be purchased extra (structure editor, export with structures into regular Excel etc.).
- Superior customer support (support schedule including regular trainings and pings; collaboration support)
- Chemaxon tools integrated.
- New features added regularly and do not need to wait for a maintenance schedule.



Testimonials

- "Five years ago our lab tested 20 compounds a year with no way to handle 200. Today, with CDD's software, we can fully process 3,000 new compounds per year and advance the best compounds to late-stage development."
 - James McKerrow, MD, PhD, UCSF

"One of the biggest barriers for academic drug discovery is the poor access to chemical data represented in an intelligent format. CDD presents data and associated tools that capture the relationship between chemical structure and biological activity. Structure-Activity Relationship (SAR) data substantially improve the distributed drug discovery process."

- Christopher Lipinski, PhD, Pfizer, Retired
- "It's a great tool for mining and sharing data with collaborators. I've used a couple of other programs, but they don't put everything together so intuitively."
 - Mary Lynn Baniecki, PhD, Clardy Laboratory, Harvard Medical School
- "I was very impressed by the system's simplicity, responsiveness and functionality. It certainly looks better than anything I've seen so far."
 - Wayne Best, PhD

"The CDD Database is an extremely elegant platform. I highly recommend it for anyone generating drug discovery data."

Bryan Roth, MD, PhD, University of North Carolina



CDD Current Community & Strategic Relationships

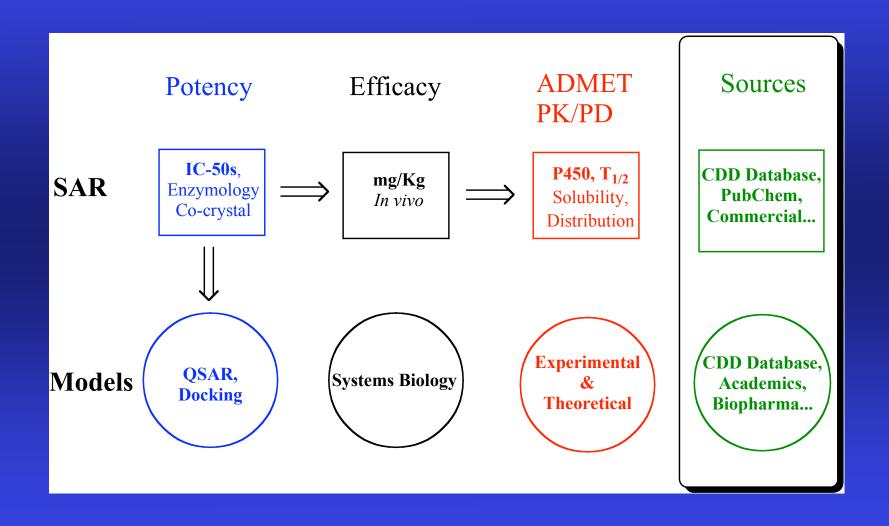
- ASINEX, Inc.
- **Broad Institute**
- Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
- Columbia University
 - **Cornell University**
 - **Drugs for Neglected Diseases initiative**
- Fred Hutchinson CRC
- Gates Foundation (BMGF)
- Harvard University
- Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis
- Johns Hopkins
- Louisiana State University
- Marine Biological Laboratory
- MIT
- Myelin Repair Foundation
- Purdue University
- San Francisco VA Medical Center
- Seattle Biomedical Research Institute
- Semafore Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

- Stanford University
- St. Jude Children's Research Hospital
- SureChem
 - TimTec, Inc.
- **UCSF General Hospital**
- University of California, Berkeley
- University of California, Los Angeles
- University of California, San Francisco
- University of California, Santa Cruz
- University of Cape Town
- University of Mississippi
- University of North Carolina
- University of Pennsylvania
- University of Sydney
- **University of Texas**
 - **University of Washington**

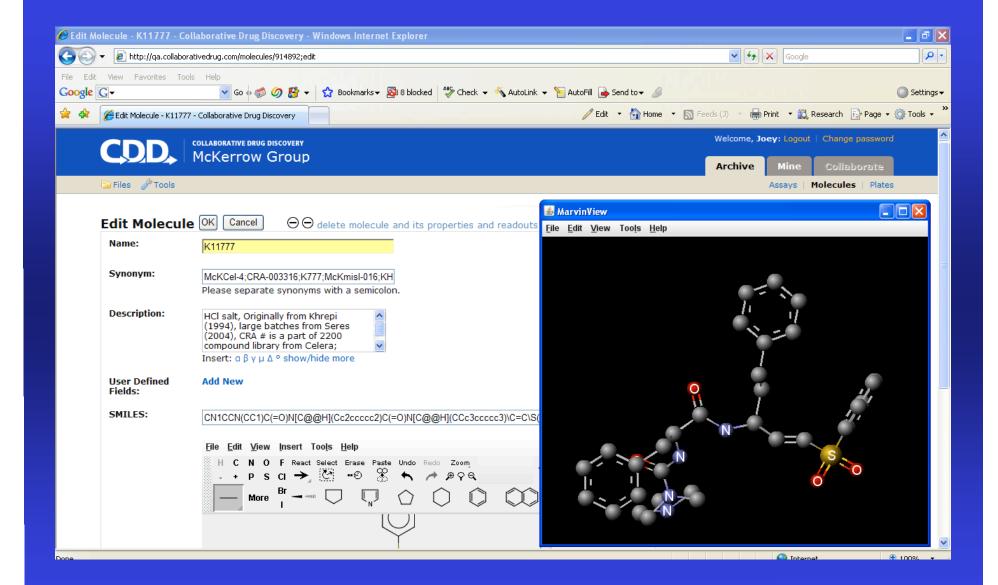
All at: www.collaborativedrug.com/who



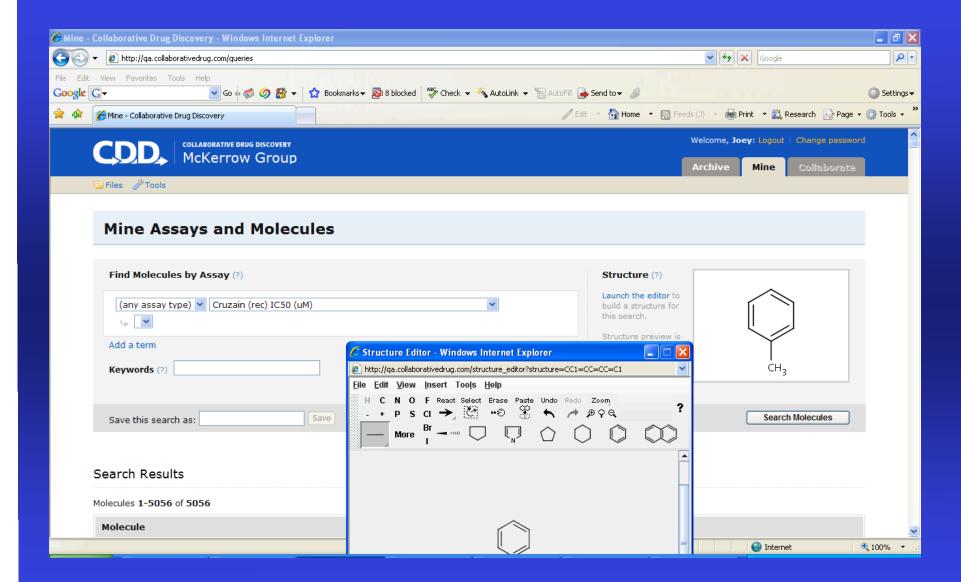
Archive Preclinical SAR (with any Relationship)



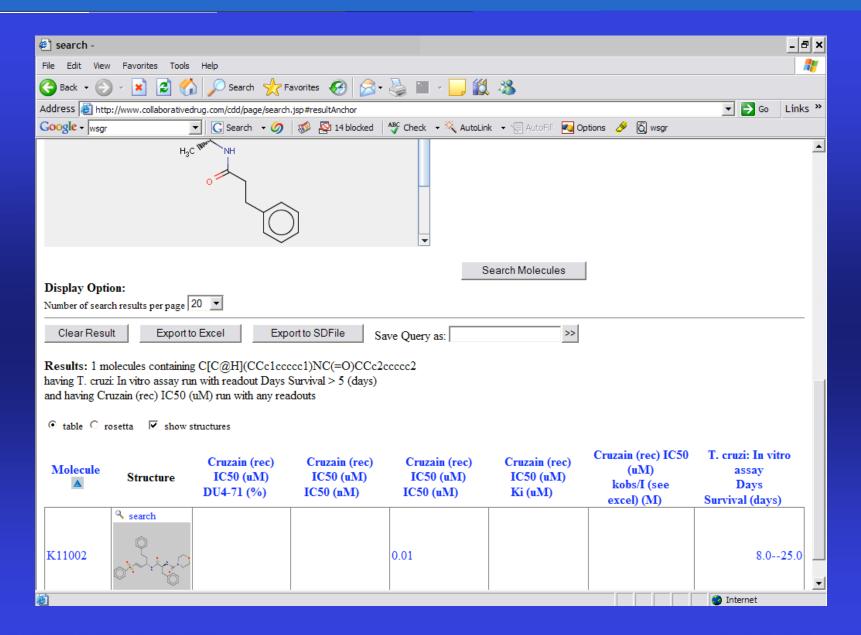










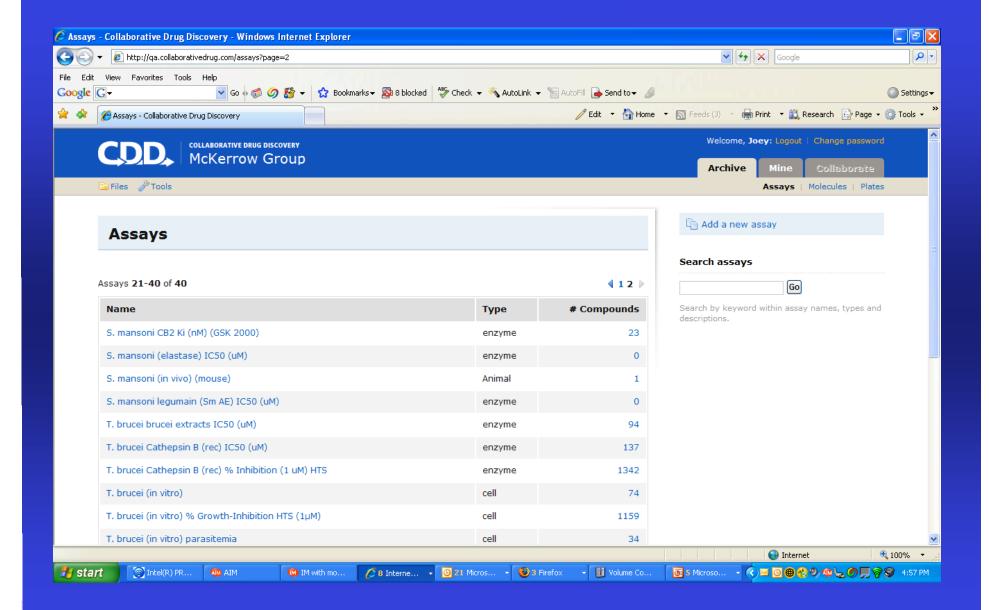




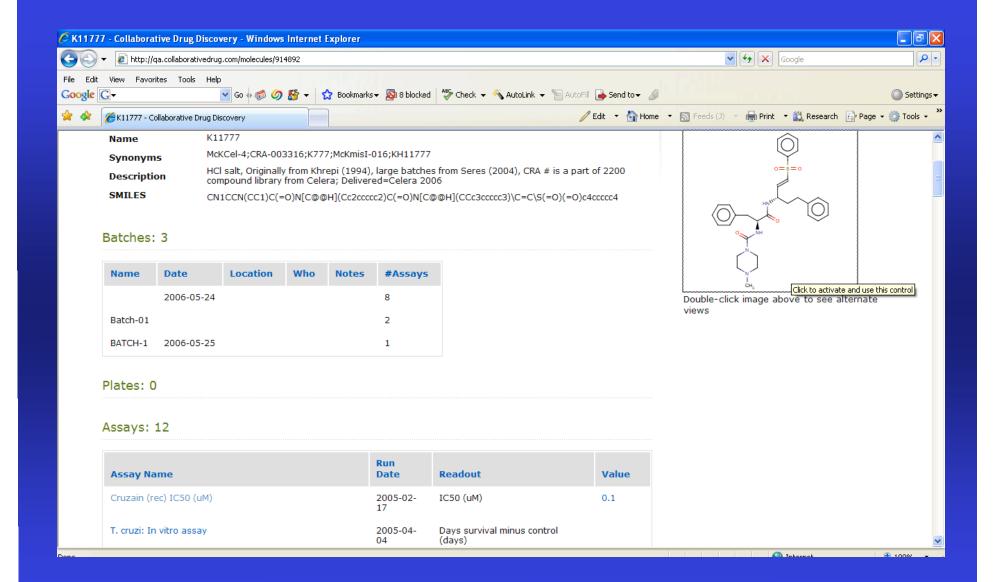
CDD – Community Open Access Data

- Dr. Christopher Lipinski
 - Chemoinformatics data on FDA and Orphan approved drugs
- 2. Prof. Roos (U. Penn)
 - Modern Malaria literature data linked to genes
- 3. Prof. Gelb (UW)
 - Modern Malaria literature data linked to assays
- 4. Prof. Guy (St. Jude CRH)
 - >15,000 Army Malaria screening data dating back to WW-II after escrow period
 - Prof. McKerrow (UCSF)
 - "Open-Content" Drug discovery T. Brucei, T. Cruzi, S. Mansoni, Leishmania, P. falciparum

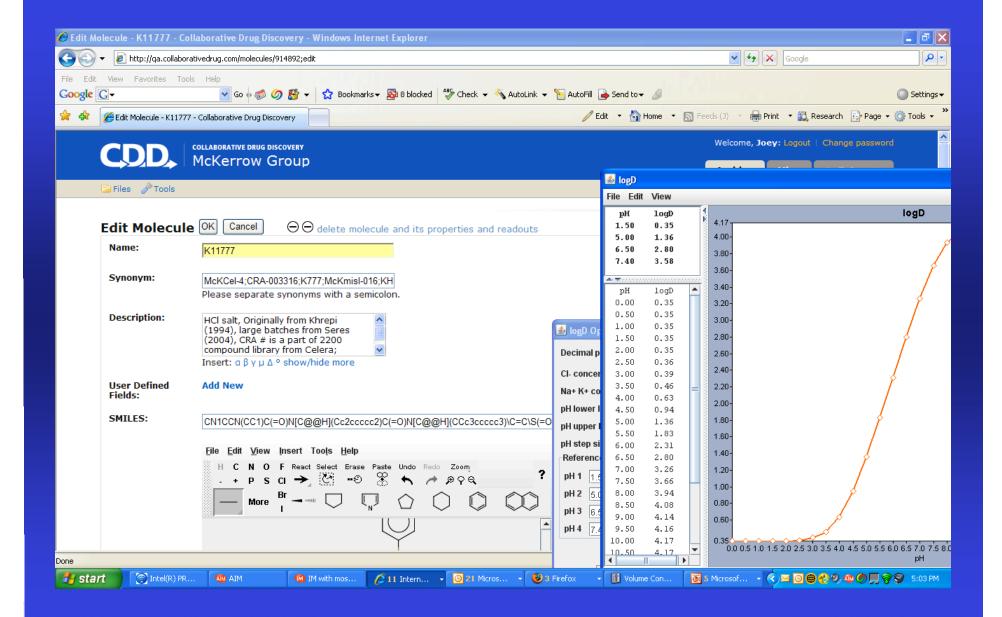














CDD database system: Security overview

- CDD encrypts all traffic between a user's web browser and our servers once the user has logged in.
- CDD does thorough automated testing of our application code, including security tests to make sure one group cannot access another group's private data.
- CDD uses two levels of firewalling ("defense in depth"), hardware and software, for each sensitive server in our server environment.
- CDD encrypts all database and customer file backups using public key cryptography, and the private keys are backed up securely.
- CDD stores user passwords in our database using strong, one-way encryption hashes.
- CDD stays current with all security updates to our system software, firmware and operating systems.
- CDD uses Linux systems in production.
 - A number of application security enhancements around password security are being made mandatory.
 - Access to production servers and superuser accounts is limited and audited within CDD.